

58. Cicero talks about the two possibilities of death, which should not worry somebody of advancing years. There are two choices: either it brings an end to the soul, or it allows its removal to a place of eternal life. Neither eventuality is to be feared.

(*de senectute*, 14)

quarta restat **causa**, quae maxime **angere** atque **sollicitam** habere nostram **aetatem** videtur, appropinquatio mortis, quae certe a senectute non potest esse longe. O miserum senem qui mortem contemnendam esse in tam longa aetate non viderit! quae aut plane neglegenda est, si omnino extinguit **animum**, aut etiam optanda, si **aliquo** eum deducit, ubi sit futurus aeternus; atque tertium certe nihil inveniri potest.

quibuscum in fauces

<i>causa, causae, f</i>	<i>argument</i>
<i>ango, angere, anxi, anctum</i>	<i>I cause pain</i>
<i>sollicitus, sollicita, sollicitum</i>	<i>disturbed</i>
<i>aetas, aetatis, f</i>	<i>age, age group</i>
<i>animus, animi, m</i>	<i>soul</i>
<i>aliquo</i>	<i>to some place</i>